

## Facts About Dementia

Many people think dementia is a disease, but the term actually refers to a group of symptoms. Like all symptoms, dementia points to a disease or disorder that must be diagnosed to determine appropriate treatment and care. Here are five facts that describe what dementia is and what it means.



## Symptoms relate to cognition.

Symptoms of dementia include short-term memory loss, confusion, inability to problem solve or complete multi-step activities, personality changes, and unusual behavior.

## A clear diagnosis is important.

Medication interactions, endocrine abnormalities, metabolic disturbances, emotional distress, poor vision or hearing, infections, or nutritional deficiencies may look like dementia.





**Degenerative dementias are irreversible.** Alzheimer's disease is the most common irreversible dementia, but there are many possible causes. For appropriate treatment and care, get an accurate diagnosis.

## **Treatment focuses on quality**

**of life.** There's no cure for degenerative dementia, so medical treatments seek to maximize cognitive and functional ability, and temporarily improve symptoms.





**Diagnosis determines next steps.** Once a diagnosis is reached, families can begin their education, secure appropriate resources, and learn to handle shifting care needs.

Want to Learn More? Find more tips and caregiver resources in our **Dementia: Is** 

This Dementia and What Does It Mean?

fact sheet at <u>caregiver.org/resource/is-this-</u>dementia-what-does-it-mean.

